

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property  
Organization  
International Bureau



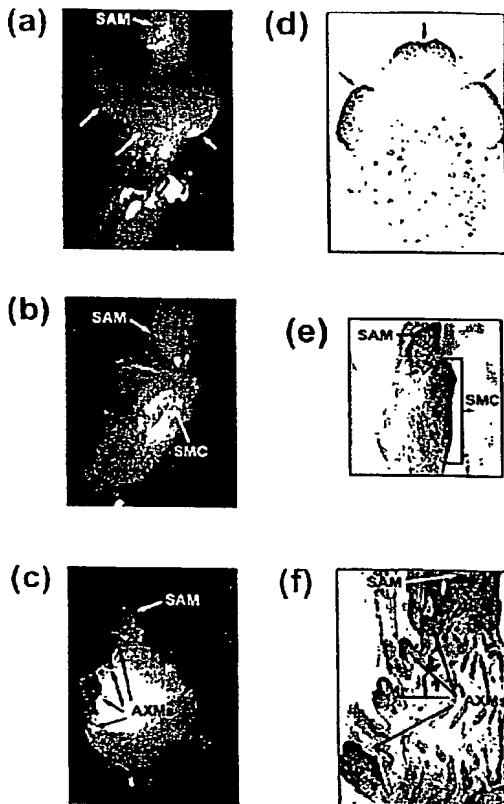
(43) International Publication Date  
18 March 2004 (18.03.2004)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
**WO 2004/022707 A2**

- (51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: C12N [US/US]; 501A Santa Fe Avenue, Albany, CA 94706 (US). WILLIAMS-CARRIER, Rosalind [US/US]; 91019 Hill Road, Springfield, OR 97478 (US). LEMAUX, Peggy, G. [US/US]; 253 Corlis Drive, Moraga, CA 94556 (US).
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/US2003/027565
- (22) International Filing Date: 3 September 2003 (03.09.2003)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data: 60/408,142 3 September 2002 (03.09.2002) US
- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA [US/US]; 1111 Franklin Street, 12th floor, Oakland, CA 94607-5200 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): ZHANG, Shibo
- (74) Agents: LITTLEFIELD, Otis, B. et al.; Morrison & Forster LLP, 425 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105-2482 (US).
- (81) Designated State (national): US.
- (84) Designated States (regional): European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR).
- Published:  
— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report
- For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: METHOD AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TRANSFORMATION AND REGENERATION OF MAIZE



(57) Abstract: Methods for transforming plants, particularly commercially important elite maize inbreds, are provided. The methods involve transformation of meristematic organogenic tissue or immature embryos, and include the use of defined plant growth media. The methods disclosed provide more stable transgenic plants, and permit the transformation of varieties of cereals that are not amenable to transformation by conventional approaches.

WO 2004/022707 A2

BEST AVAILABLE COPY